# Legal Reform in Occupied Japan

A Participant Looks Back

ALFRED C. OPPLER

龍谷大学矯正・保護総合センター

### Legal Reform in Occupied Japan

A Participant Looks Back

Alfred C. Oppler

After a distinguished career as a jurist in Germany, Alfred Oppler came to the United States in 1939, and in 1946 was invited to Tokyo, where he was SCAP's authority on reform of the Japanese legal order to implement the principles of the new Constitution. Here is his account of the legal reforms and the methods used to achieve them.

The author describes the wide scope of his activities, which included a vigorous surveillance of relevant legislation, and observation of the administration of justice throughout the country. He focuses on the Continental nature of the Japanese law and analyzes the American objectives as well as the personalities of the Occupation and of Japanese with whom he negotiated. Special chapters describe the Supreme Court mission to the United States (which the author escorted), the removal of General Mac-Arthur, and the author's post-Occupation work on Japanese, Korean, and Ryukyuan problems. Treating all aspects of the legal reforms, this book provides insights into Japan during and after the Occupation that are not available elsewhere. Legal and political analysis is interspersed with accounts of personal experiences.

Alfred C. Oppler's German career climaxed with his appointments during the last years of the Weimar Republic to Associate Justice of the Prussian Supreme Administrative Court and to Vice President of the Prussian Disciplinary Court in Berlin. In Japan he was Chief of the Courts and Law Division of the Government Section, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers (SCAP); later, he headed the Legislation and Justice Division of the Legal Section of SCAP.

To Mr Justice Shigemitsu Dando in remembrance of a cooperative in remembrance of a cooperative effort and withe best compliments effort and withe best compliments Afred C. Oppler 3/19/76

龍谷大学矯正・保護総合センター

May 28, 1981

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Dear Dr. Oppler:
I have heard of you from Mr.
Naito who visited you recently.
I am much pleased to learn
that you are quite well. I very
often think back to those nice
days when we worked together
in reforming the criminal procedure. At every occasion I
recommend to people your eminent
work: Legal Reform in Occupied
Japan. My wife joins me in
sending you our best wishes,
especially for your good health.
Sincerely,

POST

Dr. Alfred C. Oppler 48-10 L, Meadow Lakes Highstown, N. J. 08520

U.S.A.

PAR AVION 航空郵便

PROF. DR. SHIGEMITSU DANDO YAYOI 2-16-4 BUNKYO-KU TOKYO, 113 JAPAN

龍谷大学矯正・保護総合センター

THOMAS L. JONES

PROFESSOR OF LAW

ショーンス新はより松んへ

SCHOOL OF LAW THE UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA

March Twenty-Fifth 1975

Professor Koya Matsuo Faculty of Law The University of Tokyo 3-1, Hongo 7-Chome Bunkyo-Ku Tokyo, Japan

Dear Koya:

I am sorry to be so long responding to your letter in which you mentioned a Capt. Maniscalco. I wrote about thirty letters trying to locate him and I believe I have done so. His name and address are as follows:

Mr. Anthony J. Maniscalco 2427 Hazard Street Houston, Texas 77019

The primary reason I was having trouble locating him was that there was no one by the name of Maniscalco listed as an attorney in the State of Texas in the usual lists of lawyers. I then started to write various agencies of the federal government and persons by the name of Maniscalco listed in the telephone directories. In that approach, I received a letter from Mr. Maniscalco saying that he is the man I was attempting to locate. Apparently he is a lawyer, but I assume he is retired and that is why I was not finding him in the attorney lists.

I have sent Mr. Maniscalco another letter telling him the circumstances why I was trying to locate him. I am enclosing a copy of that letter for you. You can either write directly to him or let me know what information you wish and I will write him for you. If I can be of any further help, let me know.

Tell Kazuko hello for Shelley and me!

Cordially yours,

Thomas L. Jones

Tom

(正美力女神

POST OFFICE BOX BRAY VINVERSITY ALABAMA BOARA CORE POS 348 5030



THOMAS L. JONES

PROFESSOR OF LAW

ショーンスを持たりマニスカルコんへ

THE UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA

March Twenty-Fifth POST OFFICE BOX 5567 UNIVERSITY, ALABAMA 35466 AXXA CODE 205 348-5930

Anthony J. Maniscalco, Esq. 2427 Hazard Street Houston, Texas 77019

Dear Mr. Maniscalco:

I appreciate very much your response to my letter of March 6, 1975. As you could tell from my letter, perhaps, I was taking a real shotgun approach in my attempt to locate you.

The reason for my inquiry was that a friend of mine, Professor Koya Matsuo of The University of Tokyo, is studying the legislative process involved in the 1948 Code of Criminal Procedure of Japan. Apparently the Code was drafted by the joint efforts of American and Japanese lawyers, of whom you were one. Koya says that he has found several references to you as one of the contributors. I think he would like to get in touch with you.

I suspect Koya will write to you since he is very fluent in English. To give you some background information on Professor Matsuo, I will give you some information on him. I have known Professor Matsuo since he was doing graduate law work at The Univorsity of Michigan in 1963-65. Koya is a very able person and I am sure he is a very distinguished member of the Law Faculty. Both Koya and his wife are lawyers. Professor Matsuo has written widely in the criminal law area in Japan and made comparative studies of Japanese and American criminal law. I believe you will enjoy your contact with him.

Thank you again for responding to my inquiry.

Sincerely yours,

Thomas L. Jones

TLJ:js



龍谷大学矯正・保護総合センター

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COBES TO CONFORM WITH THE NEW CONSTITUTION DURING A CONFERENCE HELD
AT THE DAI ICHI BUILDING, TOKYO,
JAPAN. SEATED CLOCKWISE ARE MR.
H. MEXERS(-DREGROUND); MR. K.
(EBASHI: JUDGE T. SHIMA: JUDGE K.
MANO; AND MR. D. MARUYAMA. SECONDROW. L TO R: MR. F. AGYAGI: AND
WR. d. KANEK. THIRD ROW. L TO R:
MR. M. MUKAWA; AND MR. S. (INAMI. (#WELEPT))

PHOTOGRAPHER-GIRARD

PHOTOGRAPH BY U.S. ARMY SIGNAL CORPS:

### 龍谷大学矯正・保護総合センター



FEC-48-2900

16 APRIL 48

GOVERNMENT SECTION CONFERENCE PROJECT:

AMERICAN AND JAPANESE OFFICIALS CONFER TO REVISE OLD FORM OF CRIMINAL CODES TO CONFORM WITH THE NEW CONSTITUTION DURING A CONFERENCE HELD AT THE DAI ICHI BUILDING, TOKYO; JAPAN. SEATED CLOCKWISE ARE JUDGE K. MANO; MR. D. MARUYAMA; PROF. K. SAITO; PROF. S. DANDO; MR. V. BABA; MR. K. HASHIMOTO; MR. T. KIUCHI; MR. S. KUMI-MUME; MR. S. NOGI; MR. Y. KAWAMOTO; MA. A. APPLETON; MR. T. BLAKEMORE; DR. A.C. OFPLER; AND MR. X. KOIKE: SEATED FAR LEFT ARE MR. D. YUKOL AND MR. A. MIYASHITA. SEATED FAR RIGHT IS MISS L.E. PATTERSON. PHOTOGRAPHER-GURARD - PHOTOGRAPH BY U.S. ARMY SIGNAL CORPS.

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### 龍谷大学矯正・保護総合センター



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16 APRIL 48

GOVERNMENT SECTION CONFERENCE PROJECT:

AMERICAN AND JAPANESE OFFICIALS ATTEND A CONFERENCE HELD AT THE DAI 10H1 BUILDING, TOKYO, JAPAN, TO REVISE OLD FORM OF CRIMINAL CODES TO CONFORM WITH THE NEW CONSTITUTION. SEATED L-R, BACK ROW LEFT, ARE MR. T. BLAKEMORE; DR. A.C. OPPLER; MR. X. KOIKE; MR. H. MEYERS; MR. F. YAMAMOTO; AND MR. K. EBASHI.

PHOTOGRAPHER-GIRARD

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PHOTOGRAPH BY U.S. ARMY SIGNAL CORPS.

四年四次三年的建设,因外,看到金统,

### 龍谷大学矯正・保護総合センター

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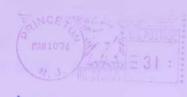
#### 龍谷大学矯正・保護総合センター

を同打的 我にならずりと味 部に「第五一回」が 二日多り方が いあらま ーンが見の協力で はずにはいるかり 御安秀ること ないら 御意のもございまかか 白に御秋中中 南かれま これから た次いまいす。 とこう ショ 上口 等三二 ミシがッ あるに けはけなから 第二二 三日二八日にはからな アラバコ大学知れ 大学で 君水と 発信する 强田 便宜 同刊 マニスカルコム 2. 君も 後君き やはことが 物化の方は 极到少

#### 龍谷大学矯正・保護総合センター

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### 龍谷大学矯正・保護総合センター



# AIR MAIL

Mr. Justice Shigemitsu Dando Supreme Court of Japan (Saiko Saibansho) Tokyo, JAPAN

龍谷大学矯正・保護総合センター

Princeton University Press
PRINCETON, NEW JERSEY 08540

## 龍谷大学矯正・保護総合センター

A complimentary copy of

LEGAL REFORM IN OCCUPIED JAPAN: A PARTICIPANT LOOKS BACK

is being sent to you before publication. We hope you will find the book of interest and will call it to the attention of your colleagues.

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY PRESS

### 龍谷大学矯正・保護総合センター



Supreme Court of Japan Cokpo

PROF. DR. SHIGEMITSU DANDO YAYO! 2-16-4 BUNKYO-KU TOKYO, 113 JAPAN

June 1, 1982

Mrs. Anna Lingoln 550 Rosedale Road Princeton, New Jersey 08540 H.S.A.

Dear Mrs. Lincoln:

Thank you so much for your letter of May 25, 1982. I am terribly shocked by your very sad news which announces the sudden death of Dr. Alfred Oppler on April 21, 1982. He was a very good old Eriend of mine for more than 35 years, since the period of the occupation of the allied forces, when we were engaged in the legal reform in Japan. In his Legal Reform in Cocundid Japan he was kind enough to mention my name in scattered places. I still remember very vividly how closely we worked together, sometimes criticizing each other, at other times deeply sympathising with each other. It is really a wonderful reminiscence for me; it must be the same for him as well.

I should believe that he must have been very happy in having yourself and your family close to him. I was moved by your line that the Lincoln family became his American adopted family. As I understand from your letter, both your family and his shared the sense of humanity obtained by the similar

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Enclosed in your letter, I have found newpaper clippings, including In Memorium written by yourself. I am touched by reading it.

I herewith express  $\pi y$  most sincere condolences for the death of Dr. Alfred Oppler, old friend of mine, whom I miss very deeply.

Sincerely,

Justice of the Supreme Court of Japan Member of the Acidemy of Japan "onorary Professor of the University Of Tokyo

With warmest regards,



### I.Q., in Japan and America

May 25, 1982 N. 4 Times (A-22)

An Irish psychologist has ascertained that Japanese children have an average I.Q. score that is 11 points higher than that of their American counterparts. How should American school kids respond?

Calmly, we think. Unlike baseball scores, which state clearly who won, I.Q. scores between people of different cultures are not to be taken seriously; they don't necessarily measure the same thing.

What is more interesting about the present study, reported in Nature magazine, is that within Japan the average I.Q. score seems to have risen significantly since World War II. Children born during the war average 104 on the tests; those born in the decade starting in 1959 average 111.

Having emerged over so short a time, the improvement evidently owes nothing to heredity; it must be due to environmental circumstances like health and nutrition.

The author of the study surmises that the higher Japanese I.Q. is a cause of the country's spectacular economic growth. But his own data strongly suggest the exact reverse: it is the economic growth that has led to improved nutrition, and to the heavy emphasis on education on the part of both the school and the family. That is why scores have improved. It is also why young Japanese men are, on the average, two inches taller than their parents.

Whatever I.Q. tests measure, it is clearly a variable, not a fixed quantity. That is one lesson of the study. The other is that a truly intelligent nation should spare no pains to insure that its children's potential is fully realized.

#### Alfred Oppler, Jurist In Germany, Aided MacArthur in Japan

Alfred C. Oppler, a high-ranking judge in pre-Hitler Germany and a key aide to General of the Army Douglas MacArthur during the occupation of Japan after World War II, died Saturday at his home in Hightstown, N.J. He was 89 years old.

Mr. Oppler was an associate justice of the Prussian Supreme Administrative Court and vice president of the disciplinary court in Berlin during the final years of the Weimar Republic.

After fleeing to the United States in 1933, Mr. Oppler served Harvard University as a consultant to the Graduate School of Public Administration and in-

School of Public Administration and instructor at the School of Overseas Administration. He went to Washington in 1944 to work with the Foreign Economic Administration, which was then preparing for the military occupation of Ger-

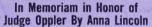
many.

In 1946, he joined General MacArthur's staff in Tokyo, where he served as chief of the courts and law division in section and later the government section and later headed the legislative and justice division of the legal section. Mr. Oppler held a number of similar positions in Japan after the occupation, and retired in 1959.

He is survived by a daughter, Ellen C. Oppler of Syracuse.

A memorial service will be held May 8 at 4 P.M. in Trinity Episcopal Church, Princeton, N.J.

#### 龍谷大学矯正・保護総合センター





The New York Times refers to Alfred Oppler as a high-ranking judge in pre-Hitter Germany and a key aid to General Douglas MacArthur during the occupation of Japan after World War II. To fellow Princetonians and friends he was just "ALFED", who retired in 1959 to lead an active life in the pursuit of his most cherished interest, "WRITING".

I had been most fortunate to have been a part of Alfred's literary world during the last few years of his life. Shortly after the publication of his LEGAL REFORM IN JAPAN, A PARTICIPANT LOOKS BACK by Princeton University Press, Alfred was busy rewriting a manuscript containing some personal history on Germany and his boyhood which he wanted to publish. We worked on it together and I gave him a personal critique. He never lived to complete it.

Alfred's book, LEGAL REFORM IN JAPAN is being translated into Japanese this year, his judicial articles will appear in THE JAPANESE ENCYCLOPEDIA, and a personal story about his New Hampshire life on Story Pond is being published by the Rev. Eddle of Terrytown, New York. In August, 1981 during the anniversary of the 30-year peace treaty between the United States and Japan, Alfred appeared on television in Tokyo, Japan.

It is important to note that Alfred contributed considerably to the content of my first book, ESCAPE TO CHINA (1939-1948) expected to come out this Fall.

Despite his seniority of over fifty years, I considered ALFRED to be one of the major sources of my INSPIRATION in addition to VLADIMIR ZWORTKIN, FATHER OF TELEVISION and our daughter, IRENE, PRINCETON UNIVERSITY CLASS '77. Alfred was vibrant, ebullient, in charge of life and exuded an intellect that at times approximated 'GEMUS'.

ALFRED SET OUT TO PROVE THAT SENIOR CITIZENS ARE NOT "HUMAN GARBAGE", TO QUOTE HIM FROM ONE OF THE MANY LITERARY LETTERS HE WROTE ME, BUT RESERVES OF BRILLIANCE AND ENERGY FROM WHICH ALL OF US CAN DRAW. IN THAT COAL HE SURPASSED HIMSELF AND REMAINS A STRIKING EXAMPLE OF PRODUCTIVE RETIREMENT IN MEADOW LAKES AND PRINCETON ALMOST TO HIS 90TH YEAR.

龍谷大学矯正・保護総合センター

To: m Dando

龍谷大学矯正・保護総合センター

May 25, 1982 550 Rosedale Road Princeton, New Jersey 08540 Telephone: (609) 921-3036

Dear Mr. Dando:

I understand that you and Judge Alfred Oppler were old and close friends. My husband and I have known Alfred for the past 11 years and after his wife, Charlotte passed away spent very much time with him. The Lincoln family became his American adopted family.

Suddenly in the midst of inspiration and zest for living Alfred was taken from us on April 24, 1982. The Memorial Service was held at Trinity Church in Princeton and the reception following at our house. He left us his friends and many memories as well as his ideas and unpublished works, which he wanted completed.

He was delighted to know that his, LEGAL REFORM IN JAPAN, A PARTICIPANT LOOKS BACK by Princeton University Press is being translated into Japanese. During the Memorial Service that fact was mentioned and praised by a promenent lawyer from Massachusetts, a Mr. Charles Kades, Esquire, who was in Japan the same time Alfred was after World War II.

Could you please let me know who is doing the Japanese translation and when I could purchase it and how. I edited parts of his first manuscript describing his boyhood years during World War I. He wanted it published and I am trying to find a way. Is there anyone in Japan who might like to publish it either in Japanese or in English? In America there is less interest in World War I. There is a great deal that Americans can learn from the Japanese, a reverance for the past and pride of workmanship. I mention his manuscript because I am seeking to find a publisher for it. It is like a commission from the departed.

I, like Alfred, fled from the war, but we came from the East, Poland not the West, Germany. We ended up in Shanghai, China rather than America and came here in 1948 during the communist takeover of China.

My own book, "Escape to China (1939-1948) is coming out this September. These were painful years and the book is meant to be a memorial to my parents. I am attached to old things and old people. They are THE ROOTS OF LIFE, OUR NOURISHMENT AND SUSTENANCE. There is an old story of Slavic origin called, "The Roots and the Leaves". The leaves claim that they are the essence of the tree. They look down upon the roots that dwell in the dirt. The roots assert that they are the life of the tree, for without them, the tree would die. Hidden in the mud they live, the genius of the tree. And so it is with people like YOU AND ALFRED. I could sense the power of the roots in people past 65. I have a deep reverence for the past and my ancestors.

Enclosed please find a newspaper clipping from the PRINCETON PACKET, an In Memoriam that I wrote to honor Judge Alfred Oppler.

All of us will miss him. He leaves behind him so much affection and righteous living for us to follow. He was a paradigm of virtue and harmony in every sense. It is with a tear of joy that we say good-bye.

If you or your family are ever in Princeton the Lincoln family looks forward to welcoming you at our home. Our daughter is a graduate of Princeton University and our youngest son is 13.

With best wishes,

anna Lincol

Anna Lincoln

龍谷大学矯正・保護総合センター

Supreme Court of Napan Colepa

PROF. DR. SHIGEMITSU DANDO YAYOI 2-16-4 BUNKYO-KU TOKYO, 113 JAPAN

June 1, 1982

Mrs. Anna Lingoln 550 Rosedale Road Princeton, New Jersey 08540

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I herewith express my most sincere condolences for the death of Dr. Alfred Oppler, old friend of mine, whom I miss very deeply. With warmest regards,

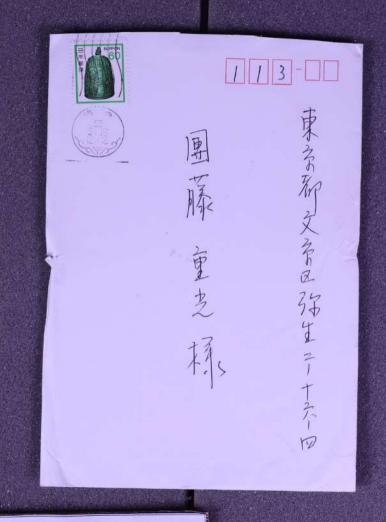
Sincerely,

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Justice of the Supreme Court of Japan Member of the Acidemy of Japan "onorary Professor of the University of Tokyo

DP. S. This morning I have rung Judge Maito a best friend of his, who told me that one mr. Maya will be the translator. Judge muito well make use of that and give you a necessity information before long. June 2, 182 S.D.





團藤重是殿

五十八年三月

用とは存じますがお繰り合わせの上御来駕賜り度くよろしくお願い申し上げつきましては次に依り『故人を怨ぶ会』を催し度く存じて居りますので御多る次第で御座居ます。 故橋本乾三儀 無事四十九日の法要も相済ませましたことをこ、にさて 故橋本乾三儀 無事四十九日の法要も相済ませましたことをこ、に陽春の候 愈々御清祥のこと、お慶び申し上げます

宏明實代

龍谷大学矯正・保護総合センター

Ryukoku Corrections and Rehabilitation Center

芝 十二時三十分より十五時まで(素昭和五十八年四月九日(土)

場

東京ブリンスホテル

平服にて御来駕賜り度くお願い申し上げます

(尚整理の都合上来る三月二十六日(土) 這に御返信賜り度く)

Supreme Court of Japan Coken

PROF. DR. SHIGEMITSU DANDO YAYO: 2-16-4 BUNKYO-KU TOKYO, 113 JAPAN

June 1, 1982

Mrs. Anna Lincoln 550 Rosedale Road Princeton, New Jersey 08500 U.S.A.

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Sincerely,

Justice of the Supreme Court of Japan Member of the Academy of Japan Bendrary Professor of the University

@ P. S. This morning I have ring Judge Maits, a best friend of his, who told me that one Mr. Maya will be the turnslater Judge Maito well make use of the and give you a necessary histographin before long. June 2, 1882 S.S.

With warmest regards,

ALFRED C OPPLER 26 HORNOR LANE PRINCETON NJ 08540





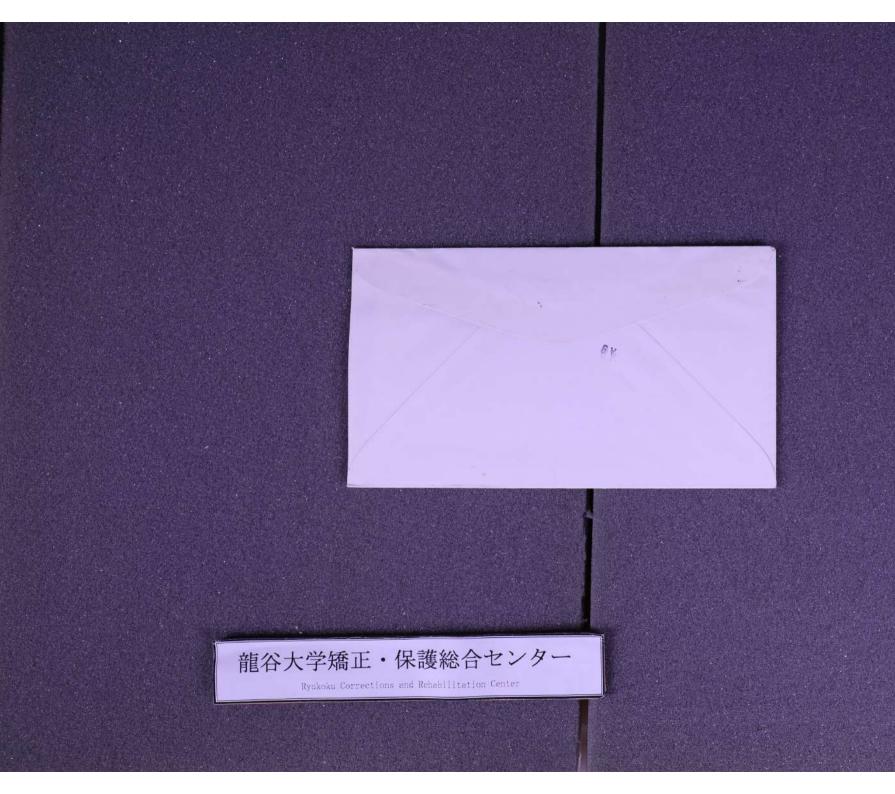
Mr. Justice Shigemitsu Dando

Yayo1 2-16-4

Bunkyo-Ku

Tokyo 113 Japan

龍谷大学矯正・保護総合センター



26 Hornor Lane, Princeton, N.J., 5. 37, 79

Mr. Justice Dr. Shigemitsu Dando Yavo1 2-16-4 Bunkyo-Ku Tokyo 113. Japan

Dear Mr. Justice Dando:

Your kind letter of May 18 was a great joy for me. I too greatly treasure the memory of our cooperative efforts with outstanding scholars as yourself, judges, lawvers and government officials of Japan in connection with the reform of the Code of Criminal Procedure. I still believe that the enthusiasm which you mention made the Japanese and American participants partners in the endeavor to do a good job. something quite unusual in a military occupation.

Of course, the pressure of time prevented us from doing perfect work, but I do not think we have to be ashamed of the result. It is now up to you and your associates to improve the Code.

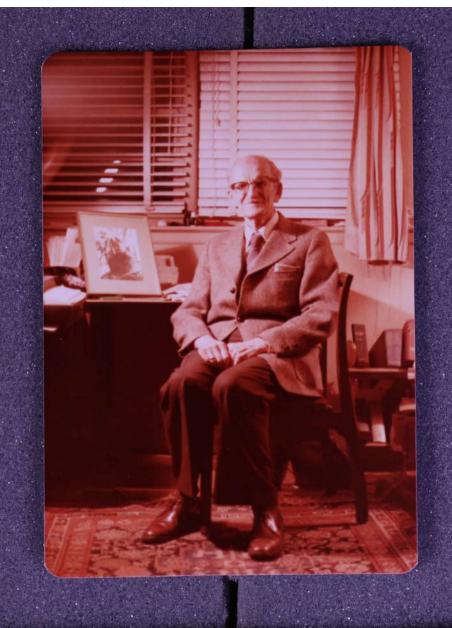
I am glad you enjoyed the pictures. I only regret that I could not use them in my book, since my dear wife had hidden the album and I found it too late. Dr. Justin Williams will include one of them in his forthcoming book.

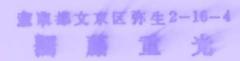
The news of the death of so many of the participants made me very sad. To survive so long has certainly its tragic sides. particularly when you lose your companion of life.

Many good wishes also for your judicial activities and compliments to Mrs. D..

Afred C. Oppler

龍谷大学矯正・保護総合センター





Dr. Alfred C. Oppler March 24, 1979 at Princeton

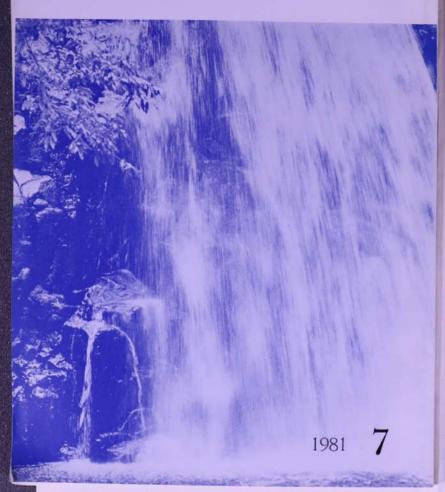
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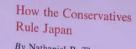


## 東京都文京区野生2-16-4

Dr. Alfred C. Oppler with Masahito Inoue March 24, 1979 at Princeton

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By Nathaniel B. Thayer

"[This] is the first major work focusing directly on the intricate mechanisms of conservative rule. As a pioneering work it admirably fulfils its mission. For the first time the organization and behavior of the Liberal Democratic Party are subjected to a seasoned political scientist's systematic and critical observation and analysis."-The American Political Science Review

"Nathaniel B. Thayer's study of the Japanese Liberal-Democratic Party is a rarity in at least two respects. It is the only book in English on this vital subject, and, moreover, it makes lively, vivid reading, free of jargon."—Comparative Politics

". . . the most thorough and detailed account of the organization and operation of the ruling conservative LDP in a Western language."-The Review of Politics

Studies of the East Asian Institute, Columbia University

Cloth / Paper. 349 pages. 1969.

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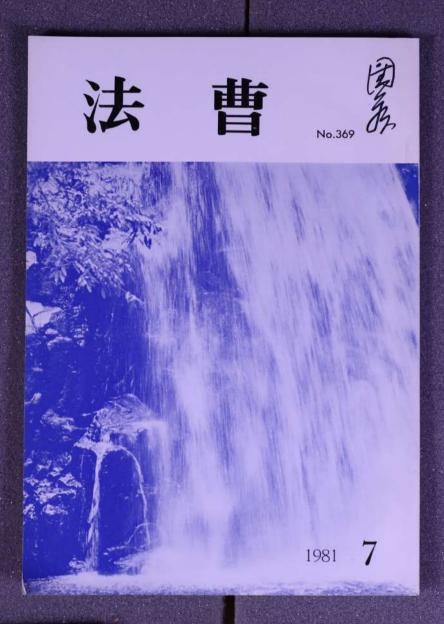
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ALFRED C OPPLER ADOW LAKES #48-10

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古い木造のアパートだろうか、窓にをけられ、ついた花弁が整やかに描かれている。 **遠先に見い出したボッタリとした権の花。雨満の** 

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話かある。くすんだ色調が魅力。 たそれぞれの模様のカーデンの裏側に入々の生

男山家县 极 井 齿 彪



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スは適切。



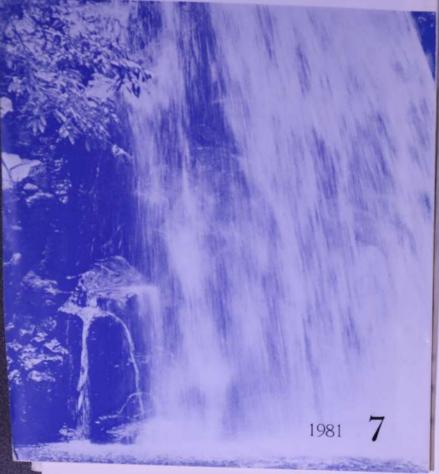
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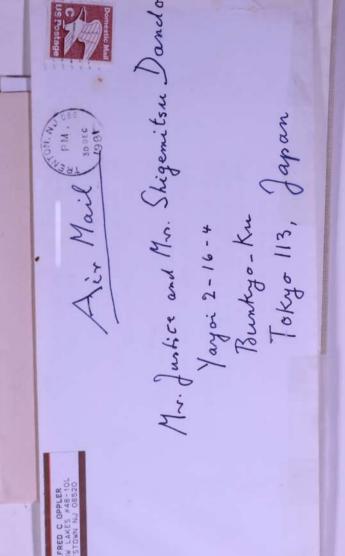
(主き親子、ガランとしたまわりをもら少し

高知地裁 疣 井 幹 男

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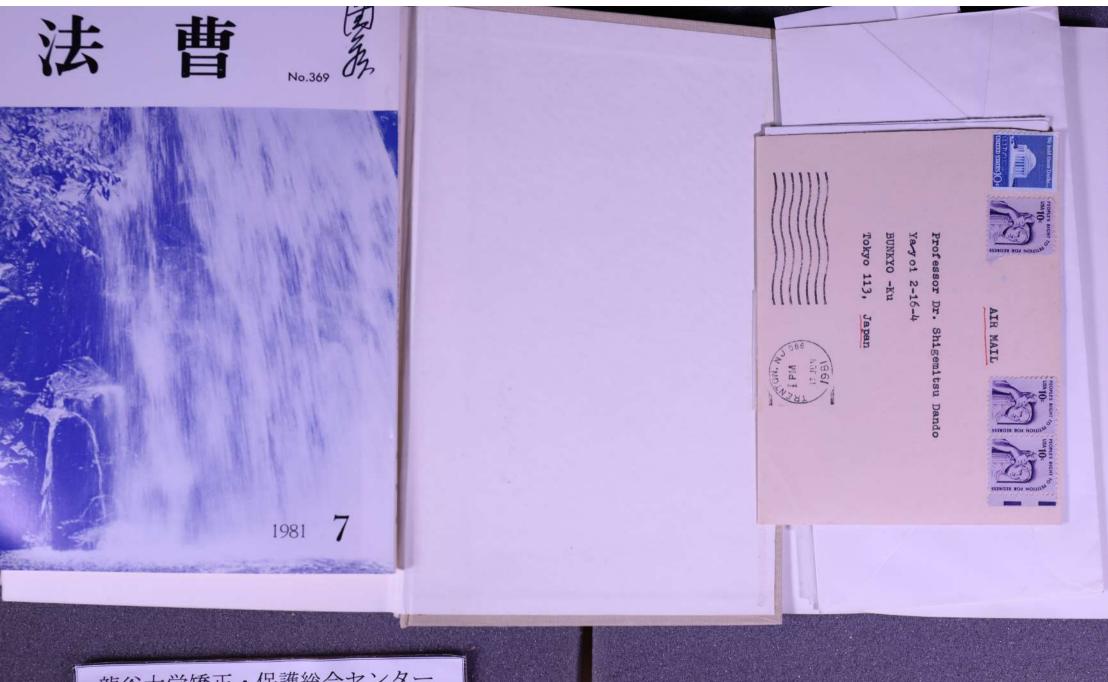
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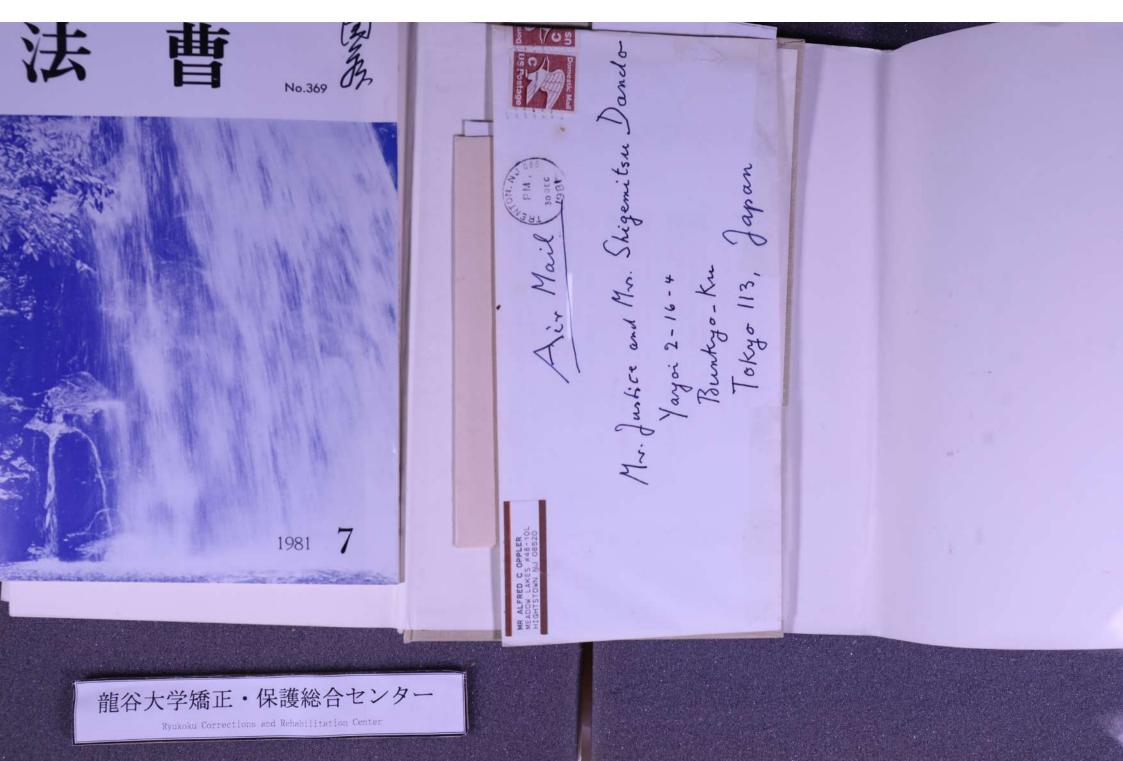


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# 1981 龍谷大学矯正・保護総合センター Ryukoku Corrections and Rehabilitation Center



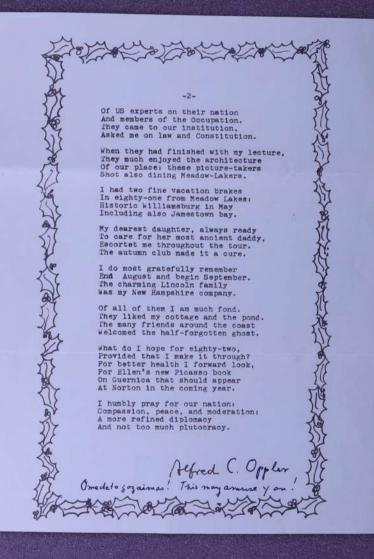
龍谷大学矯正・保護総合センター



Tokyo, January 6,1982 Dear Dr. Oppler: Your lines are just amazing and fascinating. They are not only poetic but they touch the profundity of heart. Iwill attach POST CARD your letter to the title page Dr. Alfred C. Oppler Meadow Lakes #48-10L of your work: Legal Reform in Occupied Japan in memory of the nice time we had in common Hightstown NJ 08520 U.S.A. during the reform work. With warmest regards, in which my wife joins me, Sincerely, PAR AVION PROF. DR. SHIGEMITSU DANDO YAYOL 2-16-4 BUNKYO-KU TOKYO, 113 JAPAN

龍谷大学矯正・保護総合センター

### Christmas 1981 Peace on Earth, to man good will! Is this message valid still With Atomic confrontation, Unemployment and inflation? When the bell of Christmas rings, Let's remember pleasant things, Be for future optimistic And a little fatalistic! As this life's long journey ends, We feel close to our friends And-it is a sweet tradition-Give this feeling recognition And report at advent's time On ourselves in prose or rhyme. Here are my wishes and regards In lieu of colored Christmas cards. One-nine-eight-two is also near; Oh, may it be a happy year! I wish that I could shake the hands Of all I love in many lands. Included in my compliments Are Meadow Lakes' co-residents In haven of longevity-Fair ladies the majority: As to myself, I am not fine: The weak, old Adam does decline, Though my vain ego does not find this to be true of spirit, mind. My writing has become obsession: It substitutes for a profession. The subject now is Germany Before the Hitler tyranny. However, the Japan connection Has never ceased to show affection. The month of August found that nation In an important celebration: Peace Freaty thirty years ago With US, once her hated foe. A Tokyo television crew Did organize an interview





Supreme Court of Japan Cokyo

PROF. DR. SHIGEMITSU DANDO YAYO! 2-16-4 BUNKYO-KU TOKYO, 113 JAPAN

June 21, 1981

Dr. Alfred C. Oppler Meadow Lakes, h8-10L Hightstown, NJ 08520 U.S.A.

Dear Dr. Oppler:

Thank you so much for your good letter of June 11, 1981. I am delighted to learn that you are very well in physical health as well as in the spirit and the mind and that you are writing, this time, about Germany. I look forward to the publication of your new book, which must be as impressive and informative as your <u>Legal Reform in Occupied Japan</u>. As for the latter I take every opportunity in making it known to people.

I hope you know already that Mr. Naito has of late made appear a short news of you on acceent issue of <u>The Asahi Shimbun</u>, one of the best papers (or one might say, the best paper) in Japan.

I am sorry my address was misleading. Mynname is capped with Professor, because I am keeping the title of Honorary Professor of The University of Tokyo. I will not quit the Supreme Court until November 1983, when I reach the age of seventy, fixed for a Justice to retire. I am intedding to resume my academic activities upon my retirement. There are a little bit more than two years till then.

My wife joins me in sending our best wishes and warmest regards,

Sincerely,

S. Dande



龍谷大学矯正・保護総合センター

dear Mr. Justice Dando, for
your Kind greeting which
together with Judge Naito's
visit gave me great satisfaction.
It proved that after such
a long time I have not been
forsotten by my Japanese
forsotten by my Japanese
friends with whom I had
such harmonious working
relations.

I was particularly de. lighted with your praise of my book coming brom such an outstanding legal scholar. I only regret that it is not translated into Japanese.

From your address )

conclude that you have retired from the Saiko Saibanoho and resumed your professor. Ship. It is a blessing for Japan's academic world that thus your unique Knowledge and experience continue to be of benefit.

and regards, also to your lady, I am

most sincerely yours, Afred C. Oppler

P.S. While my physical health. leaves much to be desired, the spirit and — as I hope-the mind remain satisfactory, I continue to write, but now no longer about Japan, but about germany.

48-10 L Meadow Lakes, Hightown, N.J. 08520 June 11, 1981

